科目ナンバリング										
授業科目名 Japanese Politication (基本) Japanese Politication (基本)						担当者所属 職名·氏名 法学研究科		教授 HIJINO Ken		
群	人文・	人文・社会科学科目群 分野(分類) 法				政治・経済(各論)			使用言語	英語
旧群	A群	単位数	2単位	週コマ数	1 🗆 🤻	7	授業形態 講		義(対面授業科目)	
開講年度・ 開講期	2025・前期		曜時限木	清限 木1		配当学年		2 回生以	上 対象学	生全学向

(法学部の学生は,全学共通科目として履修登録できません。所属部局で履修登録してください。

[授業の概要・目的]

This is an introductory course on Japanese politics which considers the nature of Japan's political institutions from a comparative perspective. The course will analyze how variation in key political institutions (such as the electoral system) affects political outcomes in Japan and other democracies. The course is organized into three parts: 1) a brief survey of Japanese political history from the Meiji era to the present 2) a description and comparison of Japan's key political institutions 3) investigation into a number of political themes in postwar Japan.

Along the way, students are introduced to basic social science methodologies of comparison to generate causal inferences as well as some basic analytical models used in comparative politics (such as the principal-agent and veto player model).

[到達目標]

The goal of this course is for students to begin to contemplate how the preferences of voters, politicians, parties and interest groups are constrained and channeled by political institutions. Another goal is for students to improve their English reading and writing skills through studying in English a subject that they may be familiar with in the Japanese language.

[授業計画と内容]

1.Introduction: What is politics? What are political institutions? Why compare?

Part one: An overview of Japan's political history

- 2. Pre-war politics: the Meiji constitution and politics of oligarchy (1889-1945)
- 3. The Occupation era: the post-war constitution and democratization (1945-51)
- 4. Politics of the high-growth era: the 1955-system (1955-1993)
- 5. Politics of the lost decades: political reform and transition (1993-2013)

Part two: Japan's political institutions in comparative perspective

- 6. Electoral rules: majoritarian and proportional systems
- 7. The party system: party types, numbers, and issue cleavages
- 8. Electoral campaigns: watch documentary "Campaign"
- 9. Chief executives and leadership: prime ministers and presidents
- 10. The bureaucracy: principal-agent model and the autonomy of bureaucracy
- 11. The local government system: decentralization and local government autonomy
- 12. Institutional veto players: bicameralism, constitutionalism, and judiciary

Part three: Themes in Japanese politics

13. Majoritarianism vs Consociationalism: the future of Japanese democracy

Japanese Politics-E2(2)へ続く

Japanese Politics-E2(2)

14. Demography: aging and youth in politics

[履修要件]

Previous knowledge in Japanese politics, social sciences or political science will not be required for this class. Students will be expected to read about 20-30 pages of rigorous and academic, though not technical, English. Students will also be expected to write their assignments in English (although this may change according to the class level).

[成績評価の方法・観点]

Students will be evaluated on pop quizzes = 30% and a final examination = 70% for their grade.

[教科書]

Frances McCall Rosenbluth and Michael F. Thies 『Japan Transformed: Political Change and Economic Restructuring』(Princeton University Press)ISBN:978-0691135922(建林正彦、曽我謙悟、待鳥聡史『比較政治制度論』(2008) 有斐閣 アルマ)

[参考書等]

(参考書)

Clark, Golder and Golder Principles of Comparative Politics, 2nd edition (Sage CQ Press) ISBN:978-1608716791

[授業外学修(予習・復習)等]

Students will be expected to read and prepare for at least 2-3 hours per class each week.

[その他(オフィスアワー等)]

I will not have fixed office hours, but students may contact me by email for appointments or questions about the course.

[主要授業科目(学部・学科名)]