科目ナンバリング U-LAS70 10002 SE50											
授業科目名 <英訳>	ILAS Seminar-E2 :How to make nano- machines (ナノマシンの作り方) ILAS Seminar-E2 :How to make nano-machines						担当者所 職名・氏	属名	工学研究和	斗 講師	BANERJEE, Amit
群	少人数群	単位数		2単位		週コマ数		1コマ		授業形態	ゼミナール(対面授業科目)
開講年度・ 開講期	2024・前期	受講 (1 回生	受講定員 (1回生定員)		15 (15) 人		配当学年		:して1回生	対象学生	全学向
曜時限	金5		教室		共西03					使用言語	英語
キーワード	Nano / Nano-machine / Nano-technology / Internet of Things (IoT) / Artificial Intelligence (AI)										

[授業の概要・目的]

Nanotechnology is revolutionizing human society. If you are curious how nano-machines are being developed, this seminar course will be very informative.

One of the greatest technological achievements of past few decades is our ability to make micro-meter scale 'machines'. These machines have become ubiquitous in our daily life, giving functional capabilities to our smart-phones, cars, digital projectors, medical devices, etc. In this technological revolution of extreme 'shrinking' of machines, we have entered an era where machines of only a few hundreds atoms wide can be built.

Have you ever wondered how do we build such small machines and make them function desirably in such small scale?

In this seminar course, I will reveal the tricks of the trade of fabricating micro / nanoscale machines. I will also elaborate the underlying physics (working principles) of micro / nano machines. This seminar course is based on my own research area, so I can show you pictures and videos of actual micro / nano machine fabrication and operation that I collect during my own research in Kyoto University.

[到達目標]

Students will learn about nano-scale machines: how they work, how they are made, and their amazing applications.

[授業計画と内容]

- 1. Why do we want to make nano-machines?
- Introduction to nano-machines and their advantages, examples of micro/ Nano-machines and their applications. (2 weeks)
- 2. How can we controllably create and sense motion at nanoscale? Building blocks of nano-machines: actuators, motion sensors, etc. (3 week)
- 3. How do nano-machines work?

Working principles of nano-machines: accelerometers, gyroscopes, pressure-sensors, ultra-sensitive mass and gas sensors, AI computing devices. (2 weeks)

4. How do we create nano-machines?

Material and methods for creating nano-machines: silicon, diamond, graphene, etc.: lithography, reactive-ion-LAS Seminar E2: How to make nano-machines (ナノマシンの作り方) (2)へ続く

ILAS Seminar-E2: How to make nano-machines (ナノマシンの作り方) (2)
etching, chemical-vapor-deposition, electron and ion-beam methods, etc. (5 weeks)
5. Discussion on current trends and future potentials of this research area. (2 weeks)
6. Feedback (1 week)
[履修要件]
特になし
[成績評価の方法・観点]
Active participation (10%), submission of a final report (topics will be discussed during the lecture) (90%)
[教科書]
授業中に指示する
[参考書等]
(参考書) 授業中に紹介する
[授業外学修(予習・復習)等]
Following lecture materials and reading recommended articles
[その他(オフィスアワー等)]